

Impact of hearing loss & insights on comorbidities

hearing loss is associated with

reduced postural control⁵ and higher risk of falls⁶



accelerated cognitive decline^{2,3,4}

tinnitus¹



increased use of health care services^{7,8}

higher incidence of injuries⁷



higher health care costs⁹

hearing loss is more prevalent in patients with

cardiovascular disease / cardiovascular risk factors^{11,12,14,15}



chronic kidney disease¹⁶



diabetes^{10,11,12,13}



cancer^{11,12}



arthritis^{11,12,13}



hearing loss is associated with reduced psychosocial health



feelings of withdrawal, fatigue, worry, stigma, frustration, anger, upset, inadequacy¹⁷



increased distress and somatization²³



increased loneliness²³



higher need for recovery^{20,21} and increased sick leave²²



increased depressive thoughts^{23,24,25}



lower quality of life^{18,19}

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